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LAFT

ECAFE concluded its second session in Baguio on December 6 after adopting a comprehensive program outlined by the US for economic rehabilitation of the Fur last. A part of the outlined plan, adopted over vigorous USSR protest, provides for a consultative arrangement petur en the commission and control authorities in Japan and Aorea. The Used maintained that it was unnecessary to set up a consultative framework for morea since that country was "soon" to be independent.

It had been anticipated that the relationship of Japan to the other Far Mastern countries would be a serious stumbling block on the agenda of this session of .CAF. . Active consideration of this subject, however, was prevented by the protracted debates over memberships to the Commission.

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Sino-Laleyan Affairs

The Chinese Chairm n of Everses Chinese Affairs Commission on 5 Locember expressed concern over the new draft constitution of the Lalayan Union. The Chinese claim the constitution is discriminatory to the Chinese in Lalaya.

TORTHER DIVISION

Japan -- olitical

Matayane Cabinet Grisis Gives Ingetus to Consertative Frend in rangling within the Social-Democratic larty over a successor

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to Agriculture Linister Hirano who was dismissed early in November by Frenier Ratayana commined with a breakdown in Democratic Party discipline over the passage of the State Coal Control Bill has brought into clearer focus a conservative trend in the Liet.

Although the recent rift between the mational Parmers' Union and the Japan Parmers' Union, right and left wing elements respectively of the Social-Lemocratic Party, over Mirano's successor has been temperarily patched up, the basic conservative outlook of the Unational Parmers' Union and its dissatisfaction with the party still remain. Should future disagreements rise the organization might entertain an invitation to join a conservative coalition. The conservative-minded recolles Cooperative Party, one of the government coalition parties, also took a strong stand on the subject of Mirano's successor and could possibly be induced to join a new conservative party.

After the benoratic Party, another of the present coalition parties in the caminet, had reached a decision to support the State Coal Control will, a right wing faction refused to uphold the party position. Under the leadership of Laron Shidehara, the dissident members have formed a new liet group, the boshi Rai. The possibility now exists that the Boshi Rai may join with the Liberal Party, the most conservative party which is encouraging other anti-Socialist forces in the Liet to form a conservative bloc called the Eational Salvation Party. Such a coalition could conceivably oust the Ratayama Cabinet through a vote of "no-confidence". This trend, however, does not necessarily presage an immediate change in the Cabinet. Liberal Party President Yoshida, the probable successor to Latayama, shows a reluctance to assume responsibility for Japan's present economic problems.

Japan---conomic

Reparations. The USSR has rejected the US proposal before the 180, which was designed to break the acadlock on division of Japanese industrial facilities as reparations. A stalemate has arisen over the inability of the reparations sub-committee to agree on a schedule of percentages for the eleven countries concerned. Thereupon, the US proposed a schedule which would give each country a somewhat smaller percentage than it has hitherto agreed to accept. For its part, the US would receive 28 percent, but of this, 18 percent would be held as a "kitty" for subsequent distribution to the other ten nations on any basis mutually agreeable. This the USSI rejection, the US is striving to secure epproved of the other FEC countries.

The refusal by the Usah to acc it the latest US proposal is probably another poviet tactic to delay sattlement of the reparations probably after in the slowness of Japanese economic revival. To the Usah, delay in that revival means, among other things, contin-

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uation of drain on US occupation funds; development of bitterness on the part of the Japanese against the US occupation authorities; and maintenance of uncertain economic conditions which serve as a fertile field for Japanese communist propagands.

Economic development. Two bills have been passed of the biet, which are of amjor importance to the Japanese economy. Passage of the state Goal Control Bill represents the matayam Government's only success in the current session in putting through important legislation which is designed to revive the limping industrial structure. The coal shortage is one of the chief causes for the failure of Japanese industrialists to attain a level higher than 45 percent of the 1930-34 level (the period which the r.C does the standard to be sought for stable economy). State control of the coal industry was felt by the matayam Govern ent to be the answer to the complaints by the coal companies that they had neither sufficient capital funds nor other resources to expand their production. Considerable opposition to the bill made the Government yield to amendments which tend to preserve the position of the mine owners and operators under a limited state control.

Also passed was the economic decentralization bill, which provides for splitting Japanese companies into small units and contains provisions which are intended to prevent control by any one company over more than a minor portion of the Japanese economy. The bill is a major step in SCAP's program to applied the Lainetsu and to ensure the denial of opportunity for revival of giant combines whose policies might lead to future aggression.

Foreign Trade. Negotiations between 3CA1 and a banking group for financing of Japanese imports and exports through a revolving fund are still in progress. Under this plan, 3CA1 would pled a \$137,000,000 in Japanese gold and jewels as security for a self-lightdating loan. Most of the groundwork for the loan has been completed, but certain legal questions remain to be resolved.

Korea

The recent currency conversion in North Korea scryes as further confirmation of the existence of a Soviet plan to establish there an independent government, as a legal obstacle to implementation of the UKGA resolution on korea. In addition this step will render more unstable the present critical economic situation in South Korea.

Beginning 4 December and continuing for a period of about five days Soviet occupation currency and Japanese-issued bank of Chosen notes were exchanged for new currency issued by the North Norean

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leople's Council. Individual persons were permitted to exchange 200 won, and heads of families 500 won, at the rate of one for one. All excess currency had to be deposited in state banks where it will be frozen for about two months. The announcement of the conversion precipitated a buying panic which was halted only by restriction of trading to state-owned stores and by the reduction of prices at these stores to about one-tenth previous levels.

The North korean icople's Council has recently directed the arafting of a "Korean" constitution and the proparation of a legal code. then these measures are considered along with the currency conversion, it becomes appearent that the USSR is proceeding with a plan of establishing a legal basis for recognition of the North Korcan support regime as the inde, endent government of Korea. This would chair the way for Soviet troop withoraxal. The new currency was issued by the leople's Council of North Norca, not by the occupation authorities, and the conversion measure was hallot by hadio Lyongyang as a move of "great political significance in accelerating the formation of a United Rorcan Government". It is not clear whether the preliminary penic was part of the Soviet plan, but the subsequent reduction of prices was designed to have a deflationary and stabilizing effect on the North Morcan economic situation, to convince the people that conversion was a praiseworthy measure and to instil confidence in the new currency issue.

The uncertain conditions of release (no rate of exchange for the frozen deposits has yet been announced) will induce many North Koreans to hourd sank of Chosan currency for illicit jurchases in South Korea where it is still negotiable. This will result in a great influx of currency into South Korea which will acceler to the inflationary spiral and encourage speculation. Bank of Chosen notes turned over to the North Korean government for exchange can be used as funds to finance agents of Soviet policy in South Korea. There are no insectionately effective measures which partican occupation authorities can adopt to halt this currency influx.

According to press reports the exchange rate will be announced by the North Acrean regime on 4 February. The February Council is to meet at that time and the new "Korean" constitution will be presented for its approval. Hence it is reasonable to conclude that the Soviets have scheduled the completion of their preparatory work in North Korea for the beginning of February. Accognition of the "legal" and "independent" government of Korea and the withdrawal of Soviet troops, if decided upon by the Archlin, will probably take place at that time.

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CHIMA DIVISION

Military

Communist general Chen Yi has moved additional units scuthward over the Lunghai rail line and, according to press reports, has launched an attack on daifeng, strategically important Nationalist rail point. Leanwhile, in Fo-cheng has moved westward across the Fing-han rail-road as Nationalist pressure on his Tapiehshan bases continues. In Shantung, terrorist activity by the Communists is said to be driving additional refuses into Nationalist-held cities. The number has reached 220,000 in and around Tsingtao, where the refugees seriously encumber the city's administration. The Nationalists finally opened to traffic the Tsinan-luhou sector of the Tsin-pu rail line on 11 December.

Internal

The Chinese National Government has not yet amounced the results of the election conducted on 21-23 overbor to choose members of the National assembly, the body which, with its election of the President of the Republic, will jut into effect thina's new constitution. The difficulty of determining the extent of minority representation, and the problem of maintaining the fiction that the new Government will have been popularly elected, are factors which are probably causal to the present inaction. In view of this ackey, the Government will probably jost one the convocation of the dational as embly until late February or early larch, and will probable a provisional statutory has that will be effective during the interim period between the expiration of the validity of the graft constitution of the Ausmintang and the time of the convening of the lational Assembly.

The anti-US propagands of the Chinese Communists—bogun in 1944 upon US Ammassador durley's departure from China—has continued for three years, growing steadily here violent in tener. "Imperialist butchery" and "aggressive invasion of the sacred soil of China...in league with the slavish traitor, Chiang Ami-shek", are samples of recent Communist invective directed against the US. This week, both US Ambasador Stuart and an experienced newspaper can have noted that this Communist propagance is naving a marked effect on Chinese public opinion, especially among Chinese University and Intellectual groups. Stuart expressed the opinion that the United States information Jervice in China should embard on a positive program to demonstrate that the USA is the real imperialist power in the Far must.



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External Relations

Unconfirmed reports from China, dated October 1947, indicate Soviet-Folish cooperation and plans in China. The Soviet is reported to be backing Tolish registration and repatriation, while Tolish officials are to carry on the work of some Sowiet officials in event of a diplomatic break between the USSR and China.

The Chinese Foreign Office protested on 9 becember to the British imbassy over the eviction of Chinese residents of Lowloon, claiming administrative jurisdiction. The British Apassacor, in a Reuters interview, explained the eviction by saying it was purely administrative and made in the interests of health and safety.

Loonomics

The black market US dollar exchange experienced wild fluctuations for the third consecutive week. The rate soured from CNC 133,000 at the beginning of the week to 160,000, then dropped to 142,000 on 10 December. Commodity prices seared proportionately despite the government's efforts to hold prices down. This uphoaval was primarily caused by the issuance of new darge denomination notes of 1,000, 2,000, and 5,000 Customs Gold Units, equivalent to CNC 20,000, 40,000 and 100,000 reported released in Shanghai 10 December. The provious largest note was CHC 10,000. General black market transactions eased following pressure on economic police and law enforcement agents to crack down on under-cover dealings. These new note issues will boost the total currency in circulation to another record height. Total issue was CNC 25,061 billion up to 5 becember, compared with 3,726 billion in circulation on 1 January 1947. At this rate the note increase for the month of December is expected to be near the November percentage of increase, which was 28 percent over the previous month.

Industry

It is rejorted that the bational government plans to furnish all cotton to denestic mills, take the finished parn and cloth, and give the mill operators a reasonable profit. Cotton, which is one of the favorite speculative commodities, is an extremely scarce item in Shanghai. This would be another step by the government to engage in private industry. Because of the dark prospects in pusiness recovery some industrialists are rejorted leaving changhai to open mills in hong kong. As coholions wereen it is expected that more industry will leave shanghai.

Linerals

A tungsten ore processing plant, producing 50 tons (concentration 65 percent) monthly, is reported located in Hong Kong. Megotiations are under discussion by a US firm to purchase the entire output. The USSH has acquired for some time past virtually the total output.

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Transportation

Train service between Tsinan and lukou was reported resumed on 11 recember. The Eudken-ledping line is open at present, but the trip requires four days. Less than 10 percent of China's railways are now open to traffic.

SCUTHARN DIVISION

Australia

Folitical. Following rarliamentary passage of the bill to nationalize the Justralian banking system, the Covernments of bouth Australia and Victoria joined the private banks in appealing to the High Court for an injunction restraining the Government from taking over the banks until hearings on the Constitutionality of the Jeasure could be held.

The rrime Linister is seeking an amend ent to the Constitution to provide for permanent Government control over rents and prices. A referencem, required for such an amendment, is seneculed for by 1948.

The Labor Government in Tasmania received a severe betock when I remier Cosgrove was indicted on charges of corruption. If the Opposition forces an election, as it may well do, it is unlikely that labor would be returned to office.

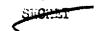
economic. All dollar import licenses were cancelled in line with the did to britain currency conservation program. Exceptions to the order were those covering goods (a) shipped before 21 october; (b) shipped under irrevocable letter of credit; and (c) listed as having high priority, such as replacement parts for industrial anchineery.

Additional cuts in imports of auto chassis, tobacco, newsprint, gasoline, and film remittances were announced.

Australia's dollar position has been worsened by the spread of the Tally Clarks strike, which has held up wool exports thus cutting off tengorarily an important source of dollars.

Burn

Possible Fro-Socialist Split. District leaders of the Feorles' Voluntary Organization, (FVC), a semimilitary group originally inspired by Aung San and one of the two principal elements of the Anti-Fascist League (AFL), are meeting in Rangoon to consider the ratification of the merger between the FVC and the Socialist Party, the other important faction of the AFL. This Socialist-proposed merger was to become the Marxist League, designed to replace the AFL as the communit political



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organization in Burma. Farly reports indicated that the merger would be rejected and socialists removed from the government, however, the Socialists later appeared to be regaining some ground when it was reported that the Barrist League was still under consideration, and that the present capinet would continue in office until about 4 January 1948, (Burmese independence day, at which time 170 nominees would replace some of the socialists.

Since Aung San's death personality clashes have developed within the AFL over the question of leadership. Hyaw Myein, the ambitious Socialist Home Minister, in particular, has been untiring in his efforts to dissolve, or at least reduce the effectiveness of the 170. It therefore appears that this meeting is a 1VC maneuver not only to consolicate their own organization, but to gain political dominance in Burms at the expense of the Socialist. Since the IVO has a virtual monopoly of the APL military strength their policies will undoubtedly prevail and if the present situation precipitates a showdown with the Socialists, there exist three possibilities. First, little or no changes will be made in the present working agreement between the two groups. become, in order for the cocialists to remain in the government they may have to accept a subordinate role, possibly to the extent of losing their political identity as socialists, in a new orgamination. Third, the bodialists may be expelled by the PVO whereupon they may attempt to join forces with the Burne Communist Party, the less doctrinaire of Burma's two communist parties, or operate independently in opposition to a PVC controlled government. If, in case of such a split, the 1VO failed to maintain its solidarity and a firm grip on the government, it is possible that the Burmese political scene will take on the familiar pattern of numerous political parties which evolve more about personalities than policies. Of these three possibilities, the second appears the more likely, i. e. a compromise between the TVC and Socialists whoreby the Socialists will retain a certain amount of influence in the government.

Siam

Despite claims that the military has been completely separated from the Siamese provisional government, in accordance with US and UK intimations of displeasure at military control, the Siamese Army continues to marp on the "Communist-Republican memace" against which they claim to have acted, in part, to establish the present government. This is the general line of the pressure carpaign to gain US recognition; and the fact that the army it so insistent on this point indicates the political nature of the present military authority, whether it is "withdrawn from politica or not". Statements by leaders of the regime clearly indicate that the instinctors and leaders of the Sovember cound count detail believe that this new regime, oriented to the right and including men known for their anti-communist stand, will succeed in



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winning support and recognition from the US. This belief was and still is based primarily upon US efforts to counter communism in Europe and China, as implimented by the Trusan bectrine and the Parshall Flan.

The coup group, believing that bian can offer a great deal as an anti-communist center in Asia is attempting to create the impression that they have deed "in accordance with American ideals", and to this end have charged that Friri, inder Statesman sponsor of the ex-government, and the Free Thais with being a communist threat to Siam. Collaboration with the Chinese Communists in Siam and the Vietnam is also attributed to the Free Thais. These elements have misinterpreted and widely publiciance as a "little Marshall Flan" a suggestion by the US delegate, heart, that each islatic country requesting aid should examine its common to determine its relifical capabilities.

It is believed that the present regime will continue to addinterpret US policy in regard to Jian and that they will occome increasingly dissilied with the US position as they feel that they are implementing it in asia.